



Oxyrase, Inc.

3000 Park Ave. West • Mansfield, OH 44906
Ph: 419-589-8800 • Fax: 419-589-9919
E-mail: info@oxyrase.com • www.oxyrase.com

Schaedler Blood Agar OxyPlate™ Product Insert

Intended Use

Schaedler Blood Agar OxyPlate™ is a prepared, ready-to-use, enriched, non-selective medium intended for the in vitro isolation and cultivation of obligately and facultatively anaerobic microorganisms from clinical and non-clinical specimens. Each OxyPlate™ creates and maintains an anaerobic environment without the need for chambers, bags, or jars, which simplifies working with anaerobes.

Intended Users

For use by trained laboratory personnel in clinical, reference, research, industrial, pharmaceutical, and veterinary microbiology settings.

Summary and Explanation

Schaedler medium is a general-purpose, enriched medium widely used for the recovery of anaerobic bacteria. OxyPlates™ are made PRAS (Pre-Reduced Anaerobically Sterilized) with the Oxyrase® Enzyme System and a unique OxyDish™ plate design. The OxyDish™ is designed to create a seal that maintains anaerobiosis. It has a track on the outside of the base and keys inside the lid that ride on that track. The open (vented) position is the highest point of the lid as it sits on the rails; the closed (sealed) position is the lowest.

Principles of the Procedure

Schaedler medium, with blood, vitamin K1, and hemin, is an enriched, general-purpose medium useful for the isolation of anaerobes. Vitamin K1 and hemin provide nutrients for some strains of the pigmenting Prevotella and Porphyromonas group and enhance the growth of some Bacteroides spp. and some gram-positive, non-spore-forming anaerobes. Defibrinated sheep blood provides additional nutrients and enables the demonstration of hemolytic reactions. The Oxyrase® Enzyme System maintains the medium in a reduced state during storage and use and prevents the formation of undesirable oxidation products in these PRAS plates.

Reagents

Media Formulation (approximate, per liter of deionized water). Initial pH: 7.3 (+/- 0.2).

Component	Amount
Enzymatic Digest of Casein	2.5 g
Enzymatic Digest of Animal Tissue	2.5 g
Tryptic Soy Broth	10.0 g
Yeast Extract	5.0 g
Dextrose	5.0 g
L-Cysteine	0.6 g
Agar	15.0 g
Hemin	10.0 mg
Vitamin K1	5.0 mg
Sodium Bisulfite	0.1 g
Na ₂ HPO ₄	2.0 g
NaH ₂ PO ₄	1.15 g
Sheep Blood	51.0 mL
Oxyrase® Enzyme System	proprietary
Deionized water	to final volume

This formula is typical. Production lots may be adjusted to offset variances in raw materials in order to meet performance criteria.

Warnings and Precautions

- For In Vitro Diagnostic Use.
- OxyPlates™ are packaged aseptically and must be handled aseptically to maintain sterility during use.
- Specimens and used culture plates may contain infectious agents; observe standard (universal) biohazard precautions when handling.
- Dispose of used plates as biohazardous waste; sterilize before disposal in accordance with applicable regulations.
- This product contains material of animal origin. Source animals are documented to be free of BSE/TSE.
- A Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is available on our website.

Storage and Handling

- OxyPlates™ will arrive at room temperature.
- Store the product at 2°C to 8°C.
- The expiration date is 3 months from the date of manufacture; refer to the plate/label for the actual expiration date.

Specimen Collection and Handling

Collect, transport, and process specimens using standard techniques for the recovery of anaerobic bacteria. Prompt processing and protection of specimens from oxygen exposure maximize anaerobe recovery. Consult appropriate references for specimen selection, collection, transport, and storage.

Materials Required But Not Provided

Inoculating loops or swabs; incubator capable of 35–37°C; and additional media, reagents, and equipment for Gram stain, subculture, and identification, as required.

Directions for Use

OxyPlates™ should be stored in an open position. Simply remove the plate from the bag and use. If the OxyPlate™ is closed, open the plate as follows:

1. Place the closed OxyPlate™ onto the work surface in the upright position.
2. Grasp the bottom of the lid with your thumb and finger, at opposite ends.
3. Put light, inward pressure on the lid as if pinching. The seal will disengage.
4. Streak the plate.

To close the OxyPlate™:

1. Place the open OxyPlate™ on the work surface in the upright position.
2. Grasp the lid between your thumb and finger.
3. Put light, downward pressure on the plate while turning it clockwise. Do not pierce the surface of the agar.
4. The ring in the lid slides along the agar surface and forms a seal to close the plate.
5. Incubate the closed OxyPlate™ at 35–37°C within a 5–10% CO₂ environment or aerobic incubator, in an inverted position (base up, lid down).

Each OxyPlate™ regenerates and maintains anaerobic conditions through a total of five (5) reseal-and-incubation events.

Before use, warm Schaedler OxyPlates™ to room temperature. Remove the plate from the protective pouch and handle it from the sides to prevent damage to the anaerobic seal. Examine plates for contamination, evidence of oxidation/discoloration (i.e., the plate is brown instead of dark red), and the expiration date.

When streaking or inoculating the surface of an OxyPlate™, microorganisms deposited within 3 mm of the ring impression may grow and spread under the ring when the dish is sealed, interacting with the seal. Control of streaking technique is at the discretion of the end user.

Use an appropriate indicator (such as OxyBlue™) inside the plate to test and confirm anaerobiosis.

Quality Control

Oxyrase, Inc. certifies that samples of each lot were quality control tested and performed acceptably to Oxyrase, Inc. specifications, which incorporate CLSI M22-A3. The following tests were confirmed:

Organism	ATCC No.	Result
<i>B. fragilis</i>	25285	Growth in 2-3 days
<i>C. perfringens</i>	13124	Growth in 2-3 days; hemolysis
<i>F. nucleatum</i>	25586	Growth in 2-3 days
<i>P. levii</i>	29147	Growth in 2-3 days; brown/black pigment
<i>P. anaerobius</i>	27337	Growth in 2-3 days
<i>P. mirabilis</i>	12453	Growth in 2-3 days; swarming inhibited

Physical appearance: uninoculated medium is dark red and free of visible contamination.

Each laboratory should establish its own quality control program in accordance with applicable accreditation and regulatory requirements. The organisms listed above are recommended for user quality control.

Results and Interpretation

Examine the plates for growth following incubation. Colony morphology, hemolytic reactions, and pigmentation provide presumptive information and should be interpreted together with other laboratory findings. Confirm isolates by additional identification procedures.

Limitations of the Procedure

OxyPlates™ support the growth of strict and facultative anaerobes. Additional testing may be needed to further identify microorganisms grown on the OxyPlate™.

The Oxyrase® Enzyme System contains a penicillin-binding protein that may interfere with penicillin and some related antibiotics.

Product Guarantee

Oxyrase, Inc. guarantees a 28-day shelf life from the shipment date; arrange a longer shelf life at the time the order is placed. If OxyPlates™ arrive with less than a 28-day shelf life, are contaminated or oxidized, or fail when used as specified, Oxyrase, Inc. will refund the purchase price. To request a refund, contact Oxyrase, Inc. with the lot number printed on the plate; return of the product may be required for investigation. Oxyrase, Inc. welcomes questions regarding this product and its applications.

Bibliography

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- Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI). *Quality Assurance for Commercially Prepared Microbiological Culture Media; Approved Standard — Third Edition*. CLSI document M22-A3.

Key to Symbols

Symbol	Meaning
IVD	For in vitro diagnostic use
REF	Catalog number
LOT	Batch code / lot number
⌘ (hourglass)	Use-by / expiration date
2-8°C	Temperature limit (store at 2°C to 8°C)
⏏ (factory)	Manufacturer
① (book)	Consult instructions for use

Products

Catalog No. (REF): O-SCW-BA

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